Grazing and forage year planner

Get the most you can from grazed grass and silages. Use this dairy year planner to make sure you are doing the right jobs at the right time. Fill in the dates and tick off the tasks once completed.

Task 1 Fencing, tracks and water troughs MOT Capitalise on grazed grass by turning out Wait until soil temperatures rise Aim to complete first rotation (100% grazed) Reduce rotation length depending on grass Measure grass twice a week when grass growth More particular temperatures rise	Task 1 Fencing, tracks and water troughs MOT Capitalise on grazed Wait until soil Aim to complete first Reduce rotation length Measure grass twice a Monito	January	February	March	April	May	June	
before surrout before surrout before surrout consecutive days before <		Task 1 Fencing, tracks and water troughs MOT to be carried out before turnout Finalise spring rotation planner	Task 1 DATE Capitalise on grazed grass by turning out to pasture as soon as possible when covers are around 2,400–2,600 kg DM/ha DATE Achieve target residuals of 1,500 kg DM/ha at the start of the season DATE Soil sample 25% of the farm (rotating to ensure each field is sampled every 4 years) Task 2 Aim for 30% of the grazing platform to be grazed by the end of February Silage tasks Task 1 DATE Begin nutrient applications for grass, as per nutrient management plan and in line with NVZ's regulations Task 2 Discuss your requirements and expectations and agree a price for silage-making with your contractor Image: Plane in the sum of the sum of the sease in t	Task 1 Wait until soil temperatures rise to 5–6°C for five consecutive days before applying N fertiliser Practise on/off grazing; be flexible in wet weather conditions and use multiple access points Image: Second	Task 1 Aim to complete first rotation (100% grazed) 7 days before magic day Task 2 Task 2 Task 2 Task 3 Make a note of when grass supply matches grass demand on your farm for future reference Task 3 After magic day you will need to shift from managing a deficit to dealing with a surplus Task 4 Cows should be offered an all-grass diet if appropriate Task 1 DATE Date Cows should be offered an all-grass diet if appropriate Silage tasks Task 1 Difference After magic maize and apply nutrients, as per nutrient management plan Task 2 Aim to take first cut in early May – analyse grass for nitrates and sugars pre-cutting to achieve high-quality	Task 1 DATE Reduce rotation length depending on grass growth rates, usually between 18 and 21 days DATE growth rates, usually between 18 and 21 days Image: Start of the start of th	Task 1 DATE Measure grass twice a week when grass growth rates hit 75 kg DM/ha Task 2 DATE Remove grass surplus as silage. Do not wait to bulk up; focus on the feed supply and quality in the next grazing round Silage tasks Task 1 Estimate the quantity of silage required for the next 12 months Task 2 DATE Silage tasks Task 1 Develop a cropping strategy to produce sufficient silage to meet estimated requirements for the next 12 months Task 3 DATE Aim to take second out 30–35 days after first cut Task 4 DATE Aim to take third cut 30–35 days after second cut Solays after Solays after Solays after	Task 1 Monito ensure consist that wa build up of the s Task 2 In a hor conside of heat stock a B' to re Silage ta Task 1 Prepare wholec Task 2 Task 2 Task 2 Task 1 Prepare wholec Task 2 Task 2 Task 3 Aim to 30–35 o cut (mu
DAIE gross for pitrates and			Notes	Prepare clamps for DATE first cut	sugars pre-cutting to achieve high-quality		Notes	I

Produced for you by:

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1	August	September	October	November	December
tasks	Grazing tasks	Grazing tasks	Grazing tasks	Grazing tasks	Grazing tasks
	Task 1	Task 1	Task 1	Task 1	Task 1
or grazing to e residuals are stently met and astage does not up in the bottom sward	DATE The next grazing season starts now with managing autumn pastures	 Highest average farm cover (AFC) should be achieved in mid-to-late September, with a rotation length of more than 35 days from 	DATE Start last rotation around 5–10 October and aim to graze and close 60% of the platform in October	Aim to graze the remaining 40% of the platform and finish the last rotation by 15–20 November	DATE Conduct annual tonnage report and set targets for following year and identify paddocks for improvement
ot summer, ler the implications	DATE Finalise your autumn rotation planner	mid-September Task 2 Assess roadway surface	Graze all covers >3,000 kg DM/ha in October, especially on wet farms		Notes
t stress on your and have a 'plan educe exposure	Task 2 'Clean out month' and time to ensure pastures DATE to ensure pastures	DATE quality, water flow and trough size	DATE Use multiple access points and use back fencing if needed to reduce poaching		
re clamps for crop silage	are grazed down to target residual – 1,500 kg DM/ha Silage tasks	Task 3 Apply lime in accordance with your most recent soil pH results. If your analysis	Closed period for applying organic manure with readily available nitrogen content (e.g. slurry, poultry manures)	Task 2 Target closing AFC at housing should be	
	Task 1 Review grass silage	is over four years old, retest soil Closed period for applying	on all other soil types, apart from shallow or sandy soils, starts 15 October for grassland in NVZs	around 2,150–2,230 kg DM/ha on 20 November	
an eye on crop ripeness, esting as nted wholecrop	DATE views and reseed where necessary to improve sward quality	manufactured nitrogen fertilisers starts 15 September for grassland across all soil types until 15 January in NVZs	Silage tasks Task 1	Silage tasks Task 1 Review silage budget for this grapping upper and	
take fourth cut days after third	Prepare clamps for DATE maize silage	Closed period for applying organic manure with readily available nitrogen content (e.g. slurry, poultry manures) on shallow or sandy soils starts	 Review silage yields and quality analysis and identify possible areas for improvement next season 	DATE this cropping year and reconcile with silage requirements for the next 12 months	
ulti-cut system)	Notes	1 September for grassland in NVZs	Task 2 Soil sample any fields	Notes	
		Silage tasks Task 1 Keep an eye on maize	DATE not sampled within the last 3–4 years and develop a nutrient management plan		
		DATE crop ripeness to harvest at optimum dry matter	for the following growing season		
		Task 2 When all silage is harvested, review the silage budget for this			
		cropping year and reconcile with silage requirements for the next 12 months			
		Task 3 Sample silages for analysis and formulate	Notes		
		rations			
		Notes			